



पद्म

INDIA EDITION · CORPORATE BROCHURE · 2026

PADMATM Legal Intelligence Platform

India Edition

Current and Legacy Legal Intelligence

Central · State · Courts · Tribunals

Governed Legal Intelligence. Lawyer-Controlled.



The PADMA Vision & India Edition

PADMA derives its name from the Sanskrit word पद्म, meaning lotus. The lotus represents knowledge, clarity, resilience, integrity, and transformation. PADMA also represents Personalized, Agentic, Digital, Multi-modal AI.

PADMA—पद्म in Sanskrit—means lotus, connecting the platform's name directly to the Lotus Cloud brand and to the qualities the lotus represents: knowledge, clarity, resilience, integrity, and transformation.

The India Edition is a focused Jurisdiction Pack within the PADMA Legal platform. It organizes research, drafting, and matter workflows around India's central and state legal structure, its courts and tribunals, and the transition from legacy criminal statutes to the current framework.

Every capability remains lawyer-controlled. PADMA Legal assists qualified professionals with research, analysis, and drafting; it does not replace the judgment of an advocate, in-house counsel, or the courts and regulators of India.

NAME	PADMA™	SANSKRIT	पद्म
PRONUNCIATION	“PAD-ma”	MEANING	Lotus
ACRONYM	Personalized, Agentic, Digital, Multi-modal AI		

Legal intelligence should strengthen professional judgment—not obscure it.

WHO PADMA LEGAL SERVES

Law firms, Solo advocates and legal practitioners, Corporate legal departments, General counsel and in-house legal teams, Compliance and regulatory teams, Litigation and dispute-resolution teams, Contract-management teams, Privacy and data-protection teams, Government and public-sector legal departments, Legal researchers and authorized educational institutions, Legal operations and knowledge-management leaders.



India's Legal-Intelligence Challenge

India's legal system is vast, layered, and fast-changing. PADMA Legal is designed to help qualified professionals navigate that complexity — not to simplify away the care it requires.

Central & state distinctions

Legislative competence is divided across Union, State, and Concurrent lists.

Multiple courts & tribunals

Supreme Court, High Courts, district courts, and specialized tribunals each carry distinct jurisdiction.

Current & legacy criminal frameworks

The 2023 criminal-law overhaul runs alongside legacy-era matters still working through the system.

Statutes, rules & notifications

Central Acts, state amendments, rules, and gazette notifications change frequently.

Case-law volume

A large and growing body of Supreme Court and High Court decisions requires careful, current research.

Contract & regulatory complexity

Commercial work spans multiple regulators and overlapping compliance regimes.

Source verification

Confirming the current, in-force version of a provision takes deliberate effort.

Multilingual legal material

Legal material appears in English and in regional languages across jurisdictions.

Professional-review requirements

Every conclusion ultimately depends on a qualified professional's review.



The PADMA Matter Spine

PADMA Legal organizes every India matter around a single structure — the Matter Spine — so that research, drafting, and decisions stay connected to the authority that governs them.

For India matters, the spine keeps each activity tied to the applicable court or tribunal, the central-or-state jurisdiction, the supporting evidence, the firm's playbook, and the advocate of record accountable for the outcome.



Because the Matter Spine travels with the work, nothing PADMA Legal produces for an India matter floats free of its permissions, its jurisdiction, its evidence, or the lawyer who is accountable for it.



India Legal-System Structure

PADMA Legal is built around India's constitutional and institutional structure, so research and drafting stay anchored to the correct authority.



Constitutional foundation

- The Constitution of India
- Union, State, and Concurrent Lists
- Parliament and central legislation
- State legislatures and state law



Courts

- Supreme Court of India
- High Courts
- District and subordinate courts
- Specialized courts (e.g., commercial, family, POCSO)



Tribunals & regulators

- Central and state tribunals
- Sector regulators (e.g., competition, securities, tax)
- Quasi-judicial authorities



Authority & jurisdiction

- Binding vs. persuasive authority
- Territorial jurisdiction
- Subject-matter jurisdiction



Current & Legacy Criminal-Law Intelligence

India's criminal-law framework changed substantially in 2024. PADMA Legal supports research across both the current statutes and the legacy framework they replaced — the applicable law for a given matter depends on the facts, and that determination requires professional judgment.

- The BNS, BNSS, and BSA became enforceable on July 1, 2024.

Current Framework (in force)

Bharatiya Nyaya Sanhita, 2023 (BNS)

Replaces the Indian Penal Code, 1860 for conduct within its commencement.

Bharatiya Nagarik Suraksha Sanhita, 2023 (BNSS)

Replaces the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 for proceedings within its commencement.

Bharatiya Sakshya Adhiniyam, 2023 (BSA)

Replaces the Indian Evidence Act, 1872 for matters within its commencement.

Legacy & Transitional Research

Indian Penal Code, 1860 (IPC)

Remains relevant for conduct and matters predating the transition, and for legacy proceedings.

Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973 (CrPC)

Remains relevant for procedural questions tied to legacy-era proceedings.

Indian Evidence Act, 1872

Remains relevant where evidentiary questions arise under legacy-era proceedings.

APPLICABLE LAW CAN DEPEND ON:

- Date of alleged conduct
- Date and nature of proceedings
- Transitional and savings provisions
- Jurisdiction
- Procedural posture
- Amendments and notifications
- Qualified professional interpretation

- ① PADMA Legal does not describe the IPC, CrPC, or Indian Evidence Act as the sole current framework. Determining which framework applies to a specific matter requires qualified professional analysis of the facts, dates, and procedural posture involved.



Civil, Commercial & Regulatory Domains

PADMA Legal's India coverage spans core civil, commercial, and regulatory domains at varying stages of readiness. Status labels indicate what is available today versus planned.

Constitutional & administrative law	● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY	Civil procedure	● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY
Contract law	● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY	Specific relief	● PILOT CAPABILITY
Arbitration & conciliation	● PILOT CAPABILITY	Companies law	● PILOT CAPABILITY
Insolvency (IBC)	● PILOT CAPABILITY	Consumer protection	● PILOT CAPABILITY
Employment & labor	● PILOT CAPABILITY	Intellectual property	● PILOT CAPABILITY
Property & registration	● JURISDICTION VALIDATION REQUIRED	Family & succession	● JURISDICTION VALIDATION REQUIRED
Information technology law	● PILOT CAPABILITY	Privacy & data protection (DPDP Act)	● PILOT CAPABILITY
Tax & regulatory matters	● PROPOSED / ENTERPRISE ROADMAP		

① PADMA Legal does not claim complete implementation of every domain listed. Each domain's status label reflects its current readiness; attorney review applies to all outputs.

● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY

● PILOT CAPABILITY

● PROPOSED / ENTERPRISE ROADMAP

● JURISDICTION VALIDATION REQUIRED



Legal Research & Citation Verification

Every research output is designed to be traceable to a source, dated, and reviewable by a qualified professional before it is relied upon.

Official-source prioritization

● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY

Prioritize Gazette text and India Code over secondary summaries.

Section & provision identification

● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY

Identify the specific section or provision in question.

Effective-date verification

● ATTORNEY REVIEW REQUIRED

Surface the commencement date for professional confirmation.

Amendment & notification tracking

● PILOT CAPABILITY

Track amendments and notifications affecting a provision.

Current-vs-legacy mapping

● PILOT CAPABILITY

Map current provisions to their legacy-era predecessors where relevant.

Supreme Court & High Court authority

● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY

Surface binding and persuasive judicial authority.

Binding-vs-persuasive distinction

● ATTORNEY REVIEW REQUIRED

Distinguish binding precedent from persuasive authority.

Pinpoint citations

● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY

Reference specific sections, paragraphs, or passages.

Source provenance

● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY

Trace a conclusion back to its underlying source.

Verification status & attorney review

● ATTORNEY REVIEW REQUIRED

Flag verification status and require professional review.

● DEMONSTRATION CAPABILITY

● PILOT CAPABILITY

● ATTORNEY REVIEW REQUIRED



PADMA Legal Issue & Advisory Support

[Pilot Capability · Attorney Review Required]

Within a controlled pilot, PADMA Legal can support qualified professionals working through an India legal issue end to end — always concluding in professional review, never in autonomous advice.

- Jurisdiction and date determination
- Fact-to-element analysis
- Evidence requirements
- Arguments and counterarguments
- Limitation and maintainability questions
- Risks and uncertainties
- Potentially applicable provisions
- Missing-fact identification
- Procedural pathways
- Potential defenses
- Relevant authorities
- Attorney-review memoranda



⚠ **Notice.** Legal intelligence support—not legal advice. Statutory applicability, authorities, interpretations, and recommended actions require review by a qualified legal professional in the relevant jurisdiction.



Contracts, Litigation, Evidence & Legal Operations

PADMA Legal brings India contract and litigation work into a single governed workspace, from clause review through case diary and audit trail.



Contracts & Drafting

- ◆ Contract review
- ◆ Clause and deviation analysis
- ◆ Obligations and deadlines
- ◆ Governed drafting



Litigation & Evidence

- ◆ Litigation chronology
- ◆ Case diary
- ◆ Evidence organization
- ◆ Privilege and confidentiality indicators



Operations & Audit

- ◆ Discovery support
- ◆ Tasks and approvals
- ◆ Matter coordination
- ◆ Audit history



Governance, Security & Professional Control

Governance is the architecture, not an add-on. Control stays with the firm or department, and ultimately with the qualified professional accountable for the matter.



Isolation & Access

- ◆ Law-firm tenant isolation
- ◆ Role-based access
- ◆ Matter-level permissions
- ◆ Ethical walls
- ◆ Privilege-aware controls



Provenance & Audit

- ◆ Human approval gates
- ◆ Source provenance
- ◆ Citation traceability
- ◆ Retention controls
- ◆ Audit logging



Oversight

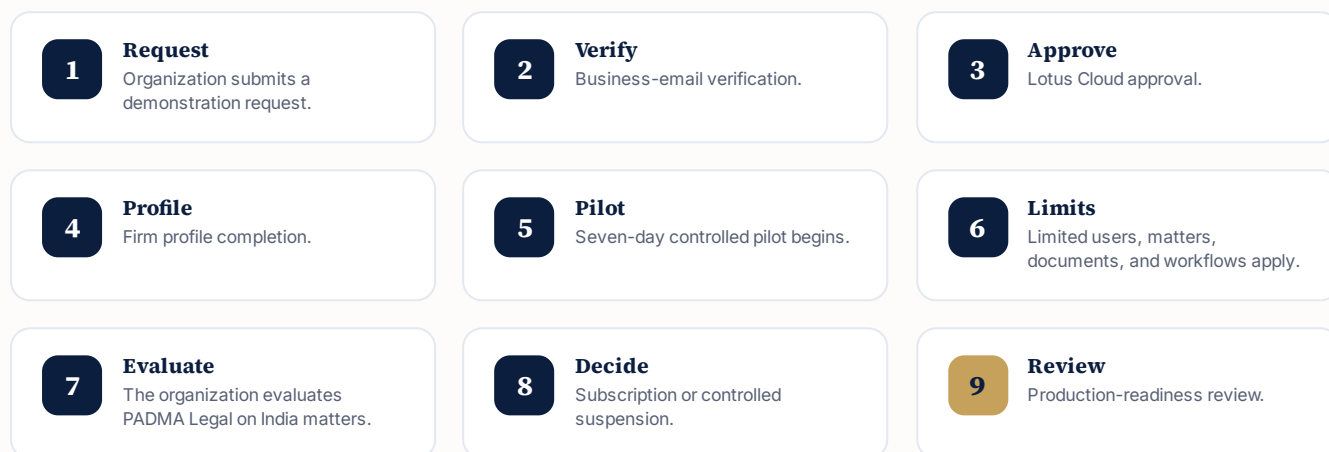
- ◆ Administrator oversight
- ◆ Configurable policies
- ◆ Lawyer-controlled outcomes

① PADMA Legal does not disclose or display underlying AI-provider identities, model names, API names, or service-provider branding.



The Seven-Day India Pilot

Adoption follows a controlled, staged path scoped to India matters. Production access is earned through review — not switched on by default.



① Production use requires separate security, privacy, contractual, licensing, configuration, and legal-governance approvals.



India Source & Integration Roadmap

PADMA Legal's India research is built to prioritize official sources first, with licensed and firm-internal sources layered in under clear controls.

1	Official legislation & Gazette publications	● CONTROLLED INTEGRATION
2	India Code and authorized government sources	● CONTROLLED INTEGRATION
3	Supreme Court and High Court materials	● CONTROLLED INTEGRATION
4	Courts, tribunals, and regulators	● PROPOSED / ENTERPRISE ROADMAP
5	Licensed legal-research sources	● PROPOSED / ENTERPRISE ROADMAP
6	Firm-approved internal knowledge and playbooks	● PILOT CAPABILITY

① PADMA Legal does not claim that every source above is already connected or licensed. Sources not yet connected are labeled [Controlled Integration] or [Proposed / Enterprise Roadmap] and become available only after authorization, licensing, and validation.

● CONTROLLED INTEGRATION

● PROPOSED / ENTERPRISE ROADMAP

● PILOT CAPABILITY



Begin with India



Request a PADMA Legal Demonstration

[Request a Demonstration](#)legal.padma.lotuscloud.ai/jurisdictions/india

Read Online

Open the accessible in-browser India Edition reader.

Explore India Capabilities

Review the India jurisdiction capability page.



Request Demonstration

Start a guided demonstration request.



Discuss a Seven-Day Pilot

Talk through a controlled pilot scoped to India matters.



Privacy Policy

Understand how your information is handled.

Global Brochure Collection

Browse PADMA Legal brochures for other jurisdictions.



- § PADMA Legal provides legal-intelligence and workflow-support capabilities. It does not provide legal advice and does not replace qualified legal professionals.
- § Availability depends on authorized sources, licensing, configuration, effective dates, jurisdictional validation, and applicable agreements.
- § Attorney review is required before relying on or using PADMA-generated legal work.
- § Demonstration content may be fictional or illustrative.



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